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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/664,526	09/17/2003	Robert J. Apel	DOM1091-203	4289	
8698	7590 05/24/2005		EXAMINER		
STANDLEY LAW GROUP LLP			GARRETT, ERIKA P		
495 METRO	PLACE SOUTH		[.nm.num	2 . 222 . 22 . 222	
SUITE 210			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DUBLIN, C	OH 43017		3636		
			DATE MAILED: 05/24/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/664,5	26	APEL, ROBERT J.				
Office Action Summary		Examine		Art Unit				
		Erika Ga		3636				
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this communic ly	cation appears on the	over sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE MAILII - Extensions of after SIX (6) I - If the period fi - If NO period fi - Failure to rep Any reply rec	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FO NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO time may be available under the provisions of MONTHS from the mailing date of this common or reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or reply is specified above, the maximum stat by within the set or extended period for reply very eived by the Office later than three months aff at term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evunication. of days, a reply within the state that or period will apply and will, by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status					•			
1)⊠ Resp	onsive to communication(s) filed	d on <u>28 February 20</u>	<u>05</u> .					
2a)☐ This a	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·	e under Ex parte Qu	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 43	00 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of								
	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	· · · ———	e withurawn from co	nsideration.					
· · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.							
· <u></u>	n(s) <u>1-72</u> is/are rejected.							
·	n(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election r	equirement.					
Application Pa	pers		٠.					
9)☐ The s	pecification is objected to by the	Examiner.		,				
· ·	rawing(s) filed on is/are:		objected to by the	Examiner.				
	ant may not request that any object							
* *	cement drawing sheet(s) including			• •	l) .			
11)☐ The o	ath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. N	ote the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119		•					
a)□ AII 1.□ 2.□ 3.□	,	documents have bee documents have bee of the priority docum nal Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive le 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
See th	s altached detailed Office action	i ioi a list oi trie cert	neu copies not receive	cu.				
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of Re	ferences Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Dra	aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PI		Paper No(s)/Mail D					
	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F Mail Date	~1 O/SB/08)	6) Other:	aton Application (FTO-192)				

Application/Control Number: 10/664,526

Art Unit: 3636

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The applicant states that the "building codes does not allow crossing a property line with a building that will be separately titled from a building on the adjacent property lot". If this is true, how can the applicant claim this?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-7 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jenn (4,685,260). Jenn discloses the use of residential housing unit (20) comprising two independent living units (21-24), common space (63,62) wherein the common

Art Unit: 3636

space connects the two independent living units, wherein the common space is divided between the two property lots, see figure 1. In regards to claim 2, wherein the two independent living units are different sizes. In regards to claims 3&11, wherein the common space further comprises a center wall, see figure 1-3. In regards to claims 4&10, wherein the common space is a private room. In regards to claim 5, the living units are deeded to two owners. In regards to claim 6, further comprising two garages (25,26) each garage is attached to each independent living unit, see figure 2. In regards to claim 7, wherein the two independent living units each contain a frontal access door, figure 1. In regards to claim 9, a housing unit comprising two structures for the purpose of providing a habitation by humans, wherein each of the two structures is connected to the other structure by a common space, wherein the two structures are positioned on two property lots, the structures each containing a frontal access door, and the common space of the two structures is divided between the two property lots. In regards to claim 12, the housing unit is built with the common space equally divided across a property line that divides the two property lots.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Taylor (4,575,977). Taylor discloses the use of residential housing unit comprising two independent living units (22 and 24), common space (grass between the lots) wherein the common space connects the two independent living units, wherein the common space is divided between the two property lots, see figure 1. In regards to claim 2, wherein the two independent living units are of different sizes. In regards to claims 3&11, wherein the common space further comprises a center wall (52). In regards to

claims 4&10, wherein the common space is selected from the group consisting of a Florida room with screen or windows, a porch, a hallway, a breezeway, a private or shared activity room, a private or shared laundry room, a dining room, and an exercise room. In regards to claim 5, the living units are deeded to two owners. In regards to claim 6, further comprising two garages (46) each garage is attached to each independent living unit, see figure 1. In regards to claim 7, wherein the two independent living units each contain a frontal access door (58) figure 1. In regards to claim 8, the frontal access faces the same direction. In regards to claim 9, a housing unit comprising two structures for the purpose of providing a habitation by humans, wherein each of the two structures is connected to the other structure by a common space, wherein the two structures are positioned on two property lots, the structures each containing a frontal access door, and the common space of the two structures is divided between the two property lots. In regards to claim 12, the housing unit is built with the common space equally divided across a property line (56) that divides the two property lots.

Page 4

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Finnegan (4,007,565). Finnegan discloses the use of residential housing unit (100) comprising two independent living units (106,110), common space (grass between property lots) wherein the common space connects the two independent living units, wherein the common space is divided between the two property lots, see figures 1-4. In regards to claim 2, wherein the two independent living units are different sizes. In regards to claims 3&11, wherein the common space further comprises a center wall,

see figure 1-3. In regards to claims 4&10, wherein the common space is selected from the group consisting of a Florida room with screen or windows, a porch, a hallway, a breezeway, a private or shared activity room, a private or shared laundry room, a dining room, and an exercise room. In regards to claim 5, the living units are deeded to two owners. In regards to claim 6, further comprising two garages (102,104) each garage is attached to each independent living unit, see figure 2. In regards to claim 7, wherein the two independent living units each contain a frontal access door, figure 1. In regards to claim 8, the frontal access faces the same direction. In regards to claim 9, a housing unit comprising two structures for the purpose of providing a habitation by humans, wherein each of the two structures is connected to the other structure by a common space, wherein the two structures are positioned on two property lots, the structures each containing a frontal access door, and the common space of the two structures is divided between the two property lots. In regards to claim 12, the housing unit is built with the common space equally divided across a property line that divides the two property lots.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Raynor (5,469,673). Raynor discloses the use of residential housing unit (10) comprising two independent living units (44,46), common space (84) wherein the common space connects the two independent living units, wherein the common space is divided between the two property lots, see figures 1-4. In regards to claim 2, wherein the two independent living units are different sizes. In regards to claims 3&11, wherein the common space further comprises a center wall (82). In regards to claims 4&10, wherein

the common space is selected from the group consisting of a Florida room with screen or windows, a porch, a hallway, a breezeway, a private or shared activity room, a private or shared laundry room, a dining room, and an exercise room. In regards to claim 5, the living units are deeded to two owners. In regards to claim 6, further comprising two garages (70) each garage is attached to each independent living unit. see figure 2. In regards to claim 7, wherein the two independent living units each contain a frontal access door (72). In regards to claim 8, the frontal access faces the same direction. In regards to claim 9, a housing unit comprising two structures for the purpose of providing a habitation by humans, wherein each of the two structures is connected to the other structure by a common space, wherein the two structures are positioned on two property lots, the structures each containing a frontal access door, and the common space of the two structures is divided between the two property lots. In regards to claim 12, the housing unit is built with the common space equally divided across a property line that divides the two property lots.

Page 6

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2/28/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1-12 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In response to applicant's argument that living units are positioned on two property lots, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. The examiner is of the opinion that the living units can be positioned on two property lots, since the owner can divide the property the way they want it. See In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Page 7

In the applicants argument that "current codes doesn't permit the building of a structure across a property lines (or even within so many feet of the property line)" and Jenn does not disclose. The applicant is reminded that this not a patent issue. This is does not constitute the structure of the patent. Therefor, The examiner is of the opinion that Jenn does disclose a common space across property lots.

In response to applicant's statement that two independent living units are deeded to two owners, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. The examiner is of the opinion that the independent living units can be deeded to two owners, since you can divide the property the way you want it. See In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Application/Control Number: 10/664,526

Art Unit: 3636

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Erika Garrett whose telephone number is 571-272-6859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

EG May 17, 2005 Peter M. Cuomo Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 3600 Page 8